



Safety Data Sheet acc. to OSHA HCS

Date of PDF Creation 09/04/2024

Reviewed on 09/04/2024

1 Identification

- **Product identifier**
- **Trade name: Fast Patch Aliphatic Binder**
- **Application of the substance / the mixture** Binder
- **Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet**
- **Manufacturer/Supplier:**
Discount Playground Supply, Inc.,
4200 East North Street Suite 10, Greenville South Carolina 29615
Ph: 888-760-2499
www.discountplaygroundsupply.com
sales@discountplaygroundsupply.com
- **Information department:** Product Development Department
- **Emergency telephone number:**
For Chemical Emergency
Spill, Leak, Fire, Exposure, or Accident
Call CHEMTREC Day or Night

Within USA and Canada: (800) 424-9300 Reference CCN 649199
Outside USA and Canada: +1 (703) 527-3887 Reference CCN 649199

2 Hazard(s) identification

· **Classification of the substance or mixture**



GHS08 Health hazard

Sensitization - Respiratory 1

H334 May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Repeated Exposure 2

H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.



GHS07

Acute Toxicity - Inhalation 4

H332 Harmful if inhaled.

Skin Irritation 2

H315 Causes skin irritation.

Eye Irritation 2A

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

Sensitization - Skin 1

H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Single Exposure 3

H335 May cause respiratory irritation.

· **Storage:**

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. In closed containers, there may be a risk of pressure build up due to water contamination (Liberated CO2 Gas). Store locked up.

· **Label elements**

· **GHS label elements** The product is classified and labeled according to the Globally Harmonized System (GHS).

(Contd. on page 2)

Safety Data Sheet

acc. to OSHA HCS

Date of PDF Creation 09/04/2024

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Trade name: **Fast Patch Aliphatic Binder**

(Contd. of page 1)

Hazard pictograms



GHS07 GHS08

Signal word Danger

Hazard-determining components of labeling:

Aliphatic Polyisocyanates
hexamethylene-di-isocyanate

Hazard statements

H332 Harmful if inhaled.
H315 Causes skin irritation.
H319 Causes serious eye irritation.
H334 May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.
H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H335 May cause respiratory irritation.
H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Precautionary statements

Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray.
Wash thoroughly after handling.
Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace.
Wear protective gloves / eye protection / face protection.
[In case of inadequate ventilation] wear respiratory protection.
If on skin: Wash with plenty of water.
IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.
If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
Call a poison center/doctor if you feel unwell.
Specific treatment (see on this label).
Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.
Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.
If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention.
If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.
If experiencing respiratory symptoms: Call a poison center/doctor.
Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.
Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. In closed containers, there may be a risk of pressure build up due to water contamination (Liberated CO₂ gas).
Store locked up.
Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

Classification system:

NFPA ratings (scale 0 - 4)



Health = 2
Fire = 1
Reactivity = 1

HMIS-ratings (scale 0 - 4)



Health = *2
Fire = 1
Reactivity = 1

Other hazards

Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

PBT: Not applicable.
vPvB: Not applicable.

(Contd. on page 3)

Safety Data Sheet

acc. to OSHA HCS

Date of PDF Creation 09/04/2024

Reviewed on 09/04/2024

Trade name: **Fast Patch Aliphatic Binder**

(Contd. of page 2)

3 Composition/information on ingredients

· **Chemical characterization: Mixtures**

· **Description:**

Prepolymer based on aliphatic polyisocyanate (HDI)

Total amount of monomeric hexamethylene-diisocyanate (HDI) is less than 0.30%

Aliphatic Diisocyanate Prepolymer

· **Dangerous components:**

28182-81-2	Aliphatic Polyisocyanates	30-50%
822-06-0	hexamethylene-di-isocyanate	≤0.5%

4 First-aid measures

· **Description of first aid measures**

· **General information:**

Symptoms of poisoning may even occur after several hours; therefore, medical observation is required for at least 48 hours after the accident.

Diisocyanate vapors or mist at concentrations above the TLV can irritate (burning sensation) the mucous membranes in the respiratory tract (nose, throat and lungs) causing runny nose, sore throat, coughing, chest discomfort, shortness of breath and reduced lung function. Persons with a preexisting, nonspecific bronchial hyper reactivity can respond to concentrations below the TLV with similar symptoms as well as asthmatic attack.

· **After inhalation:**

In case of unconsciousness, place patient stably in side position for transportation.

In case of respiratory failure or breathing irregularities, commence resuscitation or administer oxygen.

If inhaled, remove victim from the immediate area to fresh air. Seek medical attention if respiratory irritation develops or if breathing becomes difficult.

· **After skin contact:**

Instantly wash with water and soap and rinse thoroughly. Remove any contaminated clothing. If skin irritation persists, seek medical advice.

· **After eye contact:** Rinse opened eye for several minutes under running water. If symptoms persist, consult a doctor.

· **After swallowing:** Do not induce vomiting; immediately call for medical help.

· **Information for doctor:**

· **Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed**

Diisocyanate vapors or mist at concentrations above the TLV or PEL can irritate (burning sensation) the mucous membranes in the respiratory tract (nose, throat, lungs) causing runny nose, sore throat, coughing chest discomfort, shortness of breath and reduced lung function (breathing obstruction). Persons with a preexisting, nonspecific bronchial hyperreactivity can respond to concentrations below the TLV or PEL with similar symptoms as well as asthma attack or asthma-like symptoms. Exposure well above the TLV or PEL may lead to bronchitis, bronchial spasm and pulmonary edema (fluid in lungs). Chemical or hypersensitivity pneumonitis, with flu-like symptoms (e.g., fever, chills), has also been reported. These symptoms can be delayed up to several hours after exposure. These effects are usually reversible.

Acute Skin Contact: Causes irritation with symptoms of reddening, itching, and swelling. Persons previously sensitized can experience allergic skin reaction with symptoms of reddening, itching, swelling, and rash. Cured material is difficult to remove.

Chronic Skin Contact: Prolonged contact can cause reddening, swelling, rash, and, in some cases, skin sensitization. Animal tests and other research indicate that skin contact with diisocyanates can play a role in causing sensitization and respiratory reaction.

· **Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed**

No further relevant information available.

5 Fire-fighting measures

· **Extinguishing media**

· **Suitable extinguishing agents:** CO₂, extinguishing powder or water spray. Fight larger fires with water spray.

· **For safety reasons unsuitable extinguishing agents:** Water with full jet

· **Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture**

Can be released in case of fire:

Nitrogen Oxides (NO_x)

Carbon Monoxide (CO)

Hydrogen Cyanide (HCN)

(Contd. on page 4)

Safety Data Sheet

acc. to OSHA HCS

Date of PDF Creation 09/04/2024

Reviewed on 09/04/2024

Trade name: **Fast Patch Aliphatic Binder**

(Contd. of page 3)

- **Advice for firefighters**

- **Protective equipment:**

Wear breathing apparatus

Wear full protective suit with self-contained breathing apparatus

See section 8

- **Additional information**

Dispose of fire debris and contaminated fire fighting water in accordance with official regulations.

Down-wind personnel must be evacuated. Do not reseal moisture contaminated containers as a chemical reaction generating carbon dioxide gas may occur resulting in an increase of pressure which may rupture the container. Dense smoke is emitted when the product is burned without sufficient oxygen. When using water spray, boil-over may occur when product temperature reaches the boiling point of water and the reaction forming carbon dioxide will be accelerated. Diisocyanate vapors and other gases may be generated by thermal decomposition.

6 Accidental release measures

- **Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures**

Mount respiratory protective device.

Clean-up should only be performed by trained personnel. Personnel dealing with major spills should wear appropriate protective equipment including, but not limited to, the following items: Gloves, goggles and respiratory protection equipment.

- **Environmental precautions:** Keep out of the reach of children.

- **Methods and material for containment and cleaning up:**

Dispose contaminated material as waste according to section 13.

Ensure adequate ventilation

Absorb with liquid-binding material (sand, diatomite, acid binders, universal binders, sawdust). Transfer to a waste container. Keep the material damp and exposed to the air in a secure area (CO₂-formation!) until completely solidified. The waste can then be disposed of on an approved landfill or a special refuse dump. Ensure adequate ventilation.

In the event of a large spill, treat spill area with decontamination solution. Preparation of decontamination solution: Prepare a mixture of 0.2 - 0.5% liquid detergent and 3 - 8% concentrated ammonium hydroxide in water (5 - 10% sodium carbonate may be substituted for the ammonium hydroxide).

- **Reference to other sections**

See Section 7 for information on safe handling.

See Section 8 for information on personal protection equipment.

See Section 13 for disposal information.

- **Protective Action Criteria for Chemicals**

- **PAC-1:**

28182-81-2	Aliphatic Polyisocyanates	7.8 mg/m ³
822-06-0	hexamethylene-di-isocyanate	0.018 ppm
77-58-7	dibutyltin dilaurate	1.1 mg/m ³
98-88-4	benzoyl chloride	0.3 ppm

- **PAC-2:**

28182-81-2	Aliphatic Polyisocyanates	2.9 mg/m ³
822-06-0	hexamethylene-di-isocyanate	0.2 ppm
77-58-7	dibutyltin dilaurate	8 mg/m ³
98-88-4	benzoyl chloride	5 ppm

- **PAC-3:**

28182-81-2	Aliphatic Polyisocyanates	17 mg/m ³
822-06-0	hexamethylene-di-isocyanate	3 ppm
77-58-7	dibutyltin dilaurate	48 mg/m ³
98-88-4	benzoyl chloride	20 ppm

7 Handling and storage

- **Handling:**

- **Precautions for safe handling**

Ensure good ventilation/exhaust at the workplace.

Keep containers tightly sealed.

Prevent formation of aerosols.

Exhaust ventilation required during spraying or when material is being used at temperatures above 100 degrees F.

Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Wash after handling.

(Contd. on page 5)

Safety Data Sheet

acc. to OSHA HCS

Date of PDF Creation 09/04/2024

Reviewed on 09/04/2024

Trade name: **Fast Patch Aliphatic Binder**

(Contd. of page 4)

- **Information about protection against explosions and fires:**

Keep respiratory protective device available.
Pay attention to the general rules of internal fire prevention.

- **Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities**

- **Storage:**

- **Requirements to be met by storerooms and receptacles:**

Recommended ideal storage temperature range: 59 - 77 degrees F. Product should not be stored below 40 degrees or above 110 degrees F.

Material can increase in viscosity if stored at lower temperatures for an extended period of time.

- **Information about storage in one common storage facility:**

Store away from foodstuffs.
Keep containers tightly closed. Store in cool, dry conditions.

- **Further information about storage conditions:**

Protect from frost.
Store in dry conditions.
Protect from humidity and water.
Keep container tightly sealed.

- **Specific end use(s)** No further relevant information available.

8 Exposure controls/personal protection

- **Additional information about design of technical systems:** No further data; see section 7.

- **Control parameters**

- **Components with limit values that require monitoring at the workplace:**

28182-81-2 Aliphatic Polyisocyanates

STEL Short-term value: 1.0 mg/m³

822-06-0 hexamethylene-di-isocyanate

REL Long-term value: 0.035 mg/m³, 0.005 ppm
Ceiling limit value: 0.14* mg/m³, 0.02* ppm
*10-min

TLV Long-term value: 0.005 ppm
BEI

- **Ingredients with biological limit values:**

822-06-0 hexamethylene-di-isocyanate

BEI 15 µg/g creatinine
Medium: urine
Time: end of shift
Parameter: 1.6-Hexamethylene diamine with hydrolysis (nonspecific)

- **Additional information:** The lists that were valid during the creation were used as basis.

- **Exposure controls**

- **Personal protective equipment:**

- **General protective and hygienic measures:**

Keep away from foodstuffs, beverages and feed.
Wash hands before breaks and at the end of work.
Store protective clothing separately.
Avoid contact with the eyes and skin.
Gases fumes and aerosols should not be inhaled.

- **Breathing equipment:**

Airborne isocyanate concentrations greater than the ACGIH TLV-TWA (TLV) or OSHA PEL-C (PEL) can occur in inadequately ventilated environments when the material is sprayed, aerosolized or heated. In such cases, respiratory protection must be worn. The type of respiratory protection selected must comply with the requirements set forth in OSHA's Respiratory Protection Standard (29 CFR 1910.134). The type of respiratory protection available includes (1) an atmosphere-supplying respirator such as a self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) or a supplied air respirator (SAR) in the positive pressure or continuous flow mode, or (2) an air-purifying respirator (APR). If an APR is selected then (a) the cartridge must be equipped with an end-of-service life indicator (ESLI) certified by NIOSH, or (b) a change out schedule, based on the objective information or data that will ensure that the cartridges are changed out before the end of their service life, must be developed and implemented. The basis for the change out schedule must be described in the written respirator program. Further, if an APR is selected, the airborne diisocyanate concentration must be no greater than 10 times the TLV or PEL. The recommended APR cartridge is an organic vapor/particulate filter combination cartridge (OV/P100).

(Contd. on page 6)

Safety Data Sheet

acc. to OSHA HCS

Date of PDF Creation 09/04/2024

Reviewed on 09/04/2024

Trade name: **Fast Patch Aliphatic Binder**

(Contd. of page 5)

Protection of hands:



Protective gloves

The glove material has to be impermeable and resistant to the product/ the substance/ the preparation.

The following glove types are recommended: neoprene, nitrile rubber, PVC or butyl rubber. Thin, disposable latex gloves should be avoided for repeated or long term handling of the material. Recommended thickness of the glove material: 5 - 6 mil

Selection of the glove material should be based on the consideration of penetration times, rates of diffusion and the degradation

Material of gloves

The selection of the suitable gloves does not only depend on the material, but also on further marks of quality and varies from manufacturer to manufacturer. As the product is a preparation of several substances, the resistance of the glove material can not be calculated in advance and has therefore to be checked prior to the application.

Penetration time of glove material

The exact break trough time has to be found out by the manufacturer of the protective gloves and has to be observed.

Eye protection:



Tightly sealed goggles

Body protection: Protective work clothing

9 Physical and chemical properties

Information on basic physical and chemical properties

General Information

Appearance:

Form:	Liquid
Color:	Light yellow
Odor:	Characteristic
Odor threshold:	Not determined.

pH-value: Not determined.

Change in condition

Melting point/Melting range:	Undetermined.
Boiling point/Boiling range:	Undetermined.

Flash point: >200 °C (>392 °F)

Flammability (solid, gaseous): Not applicable.

Decomposition temperature: Not determined.

Ignition temperature: Product is not selfigniting.

Danger of explosion: Product does not present an explosion hazard.

Explosion limits:

Lower:	Not determined.
Upper:	Not determined.

Vapor pressure: Not determined.

Density at 20 °C (68 °F): 1.07 g/cm³ (8.92915 lbs/gal)

Relative density: Not determined.

Vapor density: Not determined.

Evaporation rate: Not determined.

Solubility in / Miscibility with

Water: Insoluble, reacts

Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water): Not determined.

(Contd. on page 7)

Safety Data Sheet

acc. to OSHA HCS

Date of PDF Creation 09/04/2024

Reviewed on 09/04/2024

Trade name: Fast Patch Aliphatic Binder

(Contd. of page 6)

· Viscosity: Dynamic at 20 °C (68 °F): Kinematic:	5,300 mPas Not determined.
· Solvent content: VOC content:	0.00 % 0.0 g/l / 0.00 lb/gal
· Other information	No further relevant information available.

10 Stability and reactivity

- **Reactivity**

Contact with moisture, other materials that react with isocyanates, or temperatures above 350 F (177 C), may cause polymerization.

- **Chemical stability**

- **Thermal decomposition / conditions to be avoided:** No decomposition if used according to specifications.

- **Possibility of hazardous reactions**

Exothermic reaction with amines and alcohols

Reacts with water to liberate CO₂ gas which may build pressure in closed containers

- **Conditions to avoid** No further relevant information available.

- **Incompatible materials:**

Exothermic reaction with amines and alcohols. Reacts with water forming heat, carbon dioxide and insoluble urea. The combined effect of carbon dioxide and heat can produce enough pressure to rupture a closed container.

- **Hazardous decomposition products:**

By Fire and High Heat: Carbon Monoxide, Carbon Dioxide, Oxides of Nitrogen and traces of HCN.

11 Toxicological information

- **Information on toxicological effects**

- **Acute toxicity:**

- **LD/LC50 values that are relevant for classification:**

28182-81-2 Aliphatic Polyisocyanates

Oral	LD50	>5,665 mg/kg (rat)
Inhalative	LC50/4 h	0.158 mg/l (rat)

4 h, dust/mist(rat, male/female) (OECD Test Guideline 403)

The test atmosphere generated in the animal study is not representative of workplace environments, how the substance is placed on the market, and how it can reasonably be expected to be used. Therefore the test result cannot be directly applied for the purpose of assessing hazard. Based on expert judgment and the weight of the evidence, a modified classification for acute inhalation toxicity is justified.

- **Primary irritant effect:**

- **on the skin:** Irritant to skin and mucous membranes.

- **on the eye:** Irritating effect.

- **Sensitization:**

Sensitization possible through inhalation.

Sensitization possible through skin contact.

- **Additional toxicological information:**

The product shows the following dangers according to internally approved calculation methods for preparations:

Harmful

Irritant

- **Carcinogenic categories**

- **IARC (International Agency for Research on Cancer)**

98-88-4	benzoyl chloride	2A
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- **NTP (National Toxicology Program)**

None of the ingredients is listed.

- **OSHA-Ca (Occupational Safety & Health Administration)**

None of the ingredients is listed.

(Contd. on page 8)

Safety Data Sheet

acc. to OSHA HCS

Date of PDF Creation 09/04/2024

Reviewed on 09/04/2024

Trade name: **Fast Patch Aliphatic Binder**

(Contd. of page 7)

12 Ecological information

- **Toxicity**
- **Aquatic toxicity:** No further relevant information available.
- **Persistence and degradability** No further relevant information available.
- **Behavior in environmental systems:**
- **Bioaccumulative potential** No further relevant information available.
- **Mobility in soil** No further relevant information available.
- **Additional ecological information:**
- **General notes:**
This product is not miscible with water. Reacts with water at the interface producing CO₂ gas and forming a solid and insoluble product with high melting point (polyurea). This reaction is accelerated by surfactants (eg. detergents) or by water-soluble solvents. Previous experience demonstrates that polyurea is inert and non-degradable.
- **Results of PBT and vPvB assessment**
- **PBT:** Not applicable.
- **vPvB:** Not applicable.
- **Other adverse effects** No further relevant information available.

13 Disposal considerations

- **Waste treatment methods**
- **Recommendation:**
Can be disposed of with household garbage after solidification following consultation with the waste disposal facility operator and the pertinent authorities and adhering to the necessary technical regulations.
- **Uncleaned packagings:**
- **Recommendation:** Disposal must be made according to official regulations.

14 Transport information

· UN-Number	Void
· DOT, ADR, ADN, IMDG, IATA	Void
· UN proper shipping name	Void
· DOT, ADR, ADN, IMDG, IATA	Void
· Transport hazard class(es)	Void
· DOT, ADR, ADN, IMDG, IATA	
· Class	Void
· Packing group	Void
· DOT, ADR, IMDG, IATA	Void
· Environmental hazards:	
· Marine pollutant:	No
· Special precautions for user	Not applicable.
· Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL73/78 and the IBC Code	Not applicable.
· UN "Model Regulation":	Void

15 Regulatory information

- **Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture**
No further relevant information available.
- **Sara**

· **Section 355 (extremely hazardous substances):**

None of the ingredients is listed.

· **Section 313 (Specific toxic chemical listings):**

822-06-0 | hexamethylene-di-isocyanate

(Contd. on page 9)

Safety Data Sheet

acc. to OSHA HCS

Date of PDF Creation 09/04/2024

Reviewed on 09/04/2024

Trade name: **Fast Patch Aliphatic Binder**

(Contd. of page 8)

98-88-4	benzoyl chloride	
· TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act):		
28182-81-2	Aliphatic Polyisocyanates	ACTIVE
822-06-0	hexamethylene-di-isocyanate	ACTIVE
77-58-7	dibutyltin dilaurate	ACTIVE
98-88-4	benzoyl chloride	ACTIVE
· Hazardous Air Pollutants		
822-06-0	hexamethylene-di-isocyanate	
· Proposition 65		
· Chemicals known to cause cancer:		
None of the ingredients is listed.		
· Chemicals known to cause reproductive toxicity for females:		
None of the ingredients is listed.		
· Chemicals known to cause reproductive toxicity for males:		
None of the ingredients is listed.		
· Chemicals known to cause developmental toxicity:		
None of the ingredients is listed.		
· Cancerogeny categories		
· EPA (Environmental Protection Agency)		
None of the ingredients is listed.		
· TLV (Threshold Limit Value)		
77-58-7	dibutyltin dilaurate	A4
98-88-4	benzoyl chloride	A4
· NIOSH-Ca (National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health)		
None of the ingredients is listed.		

· **GHS label elements** The product is classified and labeled according to the Globally Harmonized System (GHS).

· **Hazard pictograms**



GHS07 GHS08

· **Signal word** Danger

· **Hazard-determining components of labeling:**

Aliphatic Polyisocyanates
hexamethylene-di-isocyanate

· **Hazard statements**

H332 Harmful if inhaled.
H315 Causes skin irritation.
H319 Causes serious eye irritation.
H334 May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.
H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H335 May cause respiratory irritation.
H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

· **Precautionary statements**

Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray.
Wash thoroughly after handling.
Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace.
Wear protective gloves / eye protection / face protection.
[In case of inadequate ventilation] wear respiratory protection.
If on skin: Wash with plenty of water.
IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.

(Contd. on page 10)

Safety Data Sheet

acc. to OSHA HCS

Date of PDF Creation 09/04/2024

Reviewed on 09/04/2024

Trade name: **Fast Patch Aliphatic Binder**

(Contd. of page 9)

If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
 Call a poison center/doctor if you feel unwell.
 Specific treatment (see on this label).
 Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.
 Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.
 If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention.
 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.
 If experiencing respiratory symptoms: Call a poison center/doctor.
 Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.
 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. In closed containers, there may be a risk of pressure build up due to water contamination (Liberated CO2 gas).
 Store locked up.
 Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

· **Chemical safety assessment:** A Chemical Safety Assessment has not been carried out.

16 Other information

This information is based on our present knowledge. However, this shall not constitute a guarantee for any specific product features and shall not establish a legally valid contractual relationship.

· **Department issuing SDS:** Product Development Department

· **Contact:** Product Development Department

· **Date of preparation / last revision** 09/04/2024 / -

· **Abbreviations and acronyms:**

RID: Règlement international concernant le transport des marchandises dangereuses par chemin de fer (Regulations Concerning the International Transport of Dangerous Goods by Rail)

IATA-DGR: Dangerous Goods Regulations by the "International Air Transport Association" (IATA)

ICAO: International Civil Aviation Organisation

ICAO-TI: Technical Instructions by the "International Civil Aviation Organisation" (ICAO)

ADR: Accord relatif au transport international des marchandises dangereuses par route (European Agreement Concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road)

IMDG: International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods

DOT: US Department of Transportation

IATA: International Air Transport Association

EINECS: European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances

ELINCS: European List of Notified Chemical Substances

CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service (division of the American Chemical Society)

NFPA: National Fire Protection Association (USA)

HMS: Hazardous Materials Identification System (USA)

VOC: Volatile Organic Compounds (USA, EU)

LC50: Lethal concentration, 50 percent

LD50: Lethal dose, 50 percent

PBT: Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic

vPvB: very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative

NIOSH: National Institute for Occupational Safety

OSHA: Occupational Safety & Health

TLV: Threshold Limit Value

PEL: Permissible Exposure Limit

REL: Recommended Exposure Limit

BEI: Biological Exposure Limit

Acute Toxicity - Inhalation 4: Acute toxicity – Category 4

Skin Irritation 2: Skin corrosion/irritation – Category 2

Eye Irritation 2A: Serious eye damage/eye irritation – Category 2A

Sensitization - Respiratory 1: Respiratory sensitisation – Category 1

Sensitization - Skin 1: Skin sensitisation – Category 1

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Single Exposure 3: Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) – Category 3

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Repeated Exposure 2: Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure) – Category 2